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“YOSHLIK” KONSEPTIGA OID FRAZEOLOGIK BIRLIKLARNING SINTAKTIK HAMDA MORFOLOGIK XUSUSIYATI

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Annotatsiya

Ushbu maqola frazeologik birliklarning, xususan, “Yoshlik” konseptiga oid ingliz va o‘zbek tilidagi iboralarning strukturaviy tahliliga bag‘ishlangan. Bundan tashqari ular so‘z turkumlari jihatidan tadqiq qilinib, ular leksikologik jihatdan sinflashtirildi. Bunda klassifikatsiya usulidan to‘la qonli foydalanildi.

Kalit so‘zlar

Frazeologiya, leksikologiya, klassifikatsiya, so‘z turkumi.

MORFOLOGICAL AND SYNTACTICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF PHRASEOLOGICAL UNITS RELATED TO THE CONCEPT OF "YOUTH"

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Abstract

This article is devoted to the structural analysis of phraseological units, in particular, English and Uzbek expressions related to the concept of "Youth". In addition, they were studied in terms of word groups, and they were classified lexicologically. In this case, the classification method was fully used.

Key words

Phraseology, lexicology, classification, vocabulary.

Frazeologiya – tilshunoslikning kichik sohasi bo‘lib, fraza – ibora, logos –ta’limot degan ma’nolarni anglatadi. Frazeologiya atamasi asosan ikki ma’noda ishlatiladi: [6,245]
1) tilning frazeologik tarkibini o‘rganuvchi tilshunoslik sohasi;
2) shu tilning frazeologizmi majmui.
Frazeologiyaning o‘rganish predmeti frazeologizmning tabiati va substansional xususiyatlari hamda ularning nutqda amal qilish qonuniyatidir. Ikki va undan ortiq so‘zdan tarkib topgan, yaxlit bir ko‘chma ma’no ifodalaydigan, ta’sirchanlikka ega bo‘lgan va ma’nosi bir so‘zga teng ma’nodagi so‘zlar yig‘indisi yoki gaplar yig‘indisi ibora deyiladi. Iboralar tilshunoslikning frazeologiya bo‘limida o‘rganiladi, shuning uchun ham iboralarni frazeologizmlar deb ham ataymiz.

Bundan tashqari tilshunoslikning frazeologiya bo‘limi shu sohaning taraqqiyoti, frazeologiya sohasiga muhim hissa qo‘shgan tilshunos olimlar, frazeologik ma’no, frazeologik polisemiya, qarama qarshi ma’noli iboralar, iboralar sinonimiyasi, frazeologik paronimiya va paraforma, iboralar omonimiyasi, iboralar variatsiyasi, frazeologizmlarning o‘ziga xos grammatik xususiyatlari va boshqalar o‘rganiladi.
Ma’lumki, tilshunoslikda frazeologiya uzoq yillar davomida leksikologiya tarkibida o‘rganib kelingan. Chunki frazeologik birliklar tildagi so‘zlarning ekvivalentlari hisoblanib, leksikologiya esa tilning lug‘at sostavini tashkil qiluvchi so‘zlar va ularning ekvivalentlarini o‘rganuvchi disiplina deb ataladi. Keyingi yillarda frazeologiya tilning alohida disiplinasi yoki mustaqil til bosqichi bo‘lganligi bois, frazeologiya - tilshunoslikning mustaqil sohasi sifatida, leksikologiya bag‘ridan XX-asrning 50-yillridan boshlab mustaqil bo‘lim, yangi soha sifatida ajralib chiqdi. Frazeologik birlashmalar ma’lum darajada semantik jihatdan bo‘linmasdir. Shuningdek, A.N.Smirnistkiy, Z.N.Anisimova, A.V.Kumachova, T.N.Derbulova, N.N.Amosova, N.M.Shanskiy kabi qator olimlar tomonidan ilgari surilgan frazeologizmlar klassifikastiyalari ham mavjud[2,104-107]. Bular haqida ishning ma’lum bob va bo‘linmalarida to‘xtalamiz. Frazeologik birliklar ifoda plani bilan mazmun planning o‘ziga xos qarama-qarshiligi va birligi asosida yuzaga keluvchi murakkab hodisa bo‘lgani uchun alohida yondashish va o‘rganishini talab etadi
Frazeologik birliklar tarkibiga har qanday so‘z turkumi kirishi mumkin. Frazeologik birliklar bilan kontekst o‘rtasidagi munosabatda frazeologik birliklarning grammatik qurilishi muhim rol o‘ynaydi. Frazeologik birliklar leksik birliklar va qo‘shma so‘zlar qatorida so‘z turkumlari kabi leksik-grammatik jihatdan tahlil qilinadi.[4,177]
Masalan, Otli (substantiv) frazeologik birliklar predmetni bildiradi;
Fe’lli (verbial) frazeologik birliklar ish-harakatni bildiradi;
Sifatli (ad’ektiv) frazeologik birliklar biror narsaning xususiyatini, sifatini anglatadi;
Ravishli (adverbial) frazeologik birliklar holat, daraja va h.klarni bildiradi.

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Turg‘un so‘z birliklari sintaktik birliklarga bo‘linmaydilar va har doim gapda yaxlit holda ma’lum bir gap bo‘lagi vazifasida keladilar. Quyida biz “Yoshlik” konsepti ishtirokidagi iboralarni so‘z turkumlari hamda gap bo‘laklari jihatidan quyidagicha turlarga ajratdik:

1.Ega vazifasida kelgan “Yoshlik” konseptiga oid frazeologik birliklar

a) The youth must be served. Ma’nosi: Young people should be treated with forbearance while given enough freedom to express and understand themselves.

“You keep trying to force your kids into this strict mold of appropriate behavior and attitudes, but youth must be served. If kids grow up without being allowed to be kids, they'll turn out emotionally stunted.”

b) growing youth has a wolf in his belly

proverb. “Young people who are growing seem to be hungry all the time.

My teenage son has eaten every last bit of food in the house. I guess it's true that a growing youth has a wolf in his belly.”

c) youth is wasted on the young. Proverb. Young people do not appreciate all the good things about youth that they will come to desire once they are older.

All the time and energy these kids have at their disposal, and they'd rather sit around all day watching TV instead of exploring the world around them. Youth is wasted on the young

d)[1]lautaro youth movement. NOUN a violent terrorist group organized in the 1980s and advocating the overthrow of the Chilean military government; leaders are mainly criminals or impoverished [7]

e)youth crusade. NOUN political or religious or social reform movement or agitation consisting chiefly of young people

f)youth culture. NOUN young adults (a generational unit) considered as a cultural class or subculture

g)youth gang. NOUN a gang whose members are teenagers

h)youth hostel. NOUN inexpensive supervised lodging (especially for youths on bicycling trips) student lodging; hostel.

i)youth movement. NOUN political or religious or social reform movement or agitation consisting chiefly of young people

j)youth subculture. NOUN a minority youth culture whose distinctiveness depended largely on the social class and ethnic background of its members; often characterized by its adoption of a particular music genre

k)youth-on-age. NOUN vigorous perennial herb with flowers in erect racemes and having young plants develop at the junction of a leaf blade and the leafstalk

piggyback plant; pickaback plant; Tolmiea menziesii.

2)Predlogli “Yoshlik” konseptiga oid frazeologik birliklar

a) bloom of youth.The most enjoyable and/or successful time of one's youth, likened to the bloom of a flower being its most prominent and beautiful moment.

I have a great fondness for that age, when I was in the bloom of youth.

b) fountain of youth. Anything reputed or promising to restore one's youth, vitality, or health, or at least the appearance there of.

At the age of 60, your grandmother looks fantastic! She must have discovered the fountain of youth.

c) the flower of youth. The time in one's youth in which they have the most vitality, good health, physical ability, etc.; the prime of one's life. A possessive adjective can be used between "of" and "youth."
Those who fail to pursue meaningful careers or activities will spend their latter years longing for the flower of their youth
3) Sifat bo‘lib kelgan Yoshlik konseptiga oid frazeologik birliklar
a) Angry young man .Often applied to the British 'kitchen sink' playwrights of the 1950s. Also anyone, particularly young men obviously, who rails against the establishment.
b) Go West young man
4) Ot kesim vazifasida kelgan Yoshlik konseptiga oid frazeologik birliklar
a) The night is young
b) You are as young as you feel
Yuqoridagi tahlillardan ma’lumki ega vazifasida kelgan “Yoshlik” konseptiga oid birliklar morfologik hamda sintaktik tahlil jihatidan ustunlikka ega ekan. Har ikki tilda ham ot so‘z turkumi funktsiyasini bajaruvchi yoshlik konseptli frazeologik birliklar til kesimida faol foydalaniladi. Shuni alohida ta’kidlash joizki, o‘rganilayotgan ishimiz qaysi tilda bo‘lmasin, alohida bir yangilikni, qiziqarli, muhim xulosalarni keltirib chiqaradi.

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